



BARAULA

LATE-MATURING ORCHARDGRASS

ORCHARDGRASS



Baraula is a very late-maturing, winter-hardy Orchardgrass. It is one of the latest maturing orchardgrasses offered by Barenbrug USA. Baraula survives severe winters and endures hot, dry summers. It is leafier than traditional varieties and maintains its quality late into the season. Baraula produces excellent quality forage which is highly palatable and digestible. Its late maturity makes it ideal for interplanting with alfalfa.

- ▶ Very late-maturing
- ▶ Winter-hardy
- ▶ Summer production
- ▶ Highly palatable and digestible
- ▶ Disease resistant
- ▶ Use for grazing or interplanting with alfalfa



ADAPTATION - CLIMATE

Baraula is adapted to regions of the Midwestern and Northeastern United States. It also performs well in regions of the West. It exhibits winterhardiness and heat and drought tolerance.

ADAPTATION - SOIL

Baraula prefers light textured, well-drained soils. A pH of 5.8 to 7.5 is recommended. Baraula will perform under less than optimal fertility.

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USES

Baraula is suited to grazing and cutting schemes. For grazing, seed with a grazing tolerant white clover such as Alice. Baraula works well in a mixed seeding, and with its late maturity and excellent winterhardiness, it is an ideal companion for alfalfa. For silage, seed with a premium red clover such as Freedom!, or a high quality alfalfa such as Baralfa 53HR. For dry hay, seed with a premium red clover such as Freedom!, with a high quality alfalfa, or seed alone. In general, interplanting improves stand yield and quality. Interplanting is also a great tool to extend the life of an existing alfalfa stand damaged by winterkill and pests.

ESTABLISHMENT

Depending on climate and soil type, Baraula may be established in early spring or late summer. Wet soils may prohibit spring cultivation so late summer planting is recommended. Coarser, drier soils may be planted in spring or late summer. At planting, apply 35 to 40 lbs nitrogen/acre. An application of phosphorus (based on a soil test) will promote establishment. Baraula may be established via full cultivation, no-till, or broadcast seeding. Plant no deeper than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch below the surface.

SEEDING RATE

| | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| Seeding rate: | 10-12 lbs/acre |
| No-till seeding: | 10-12 lbs/acre |
| Planting with alfalfa: | 4-5 lbs/acre |

MANAGEMENT

Once established, Baraula will last for many years with proper grazing and cutting management. Baraula, like other orchardgrass varieties, stores energy reserves higher in the plant, therefore a grazing or cutting height of 3 to 4 inches is recommended.



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